Year 2 Nova Home Learning Writing Task Please remembers to practise your Line of Enquiry Task (If your child has their own **Maths Task** Please play Time Table Rockstars to practise your ideas for a project, feel free to let them be creative spellings (See Spelling Shed logins) and and follow that 'line of enquiry' too) joined handwriting every day. Read quietly fluency too! or aloud each day too. Over Term 6, we would normally spend time consolidating and LO: To identify the features of a nonrevising key mathematical skills. Each day you will find a mixture MUSIC: AFRICAN DRUMMING LESSON chronological report of revision, some linked to the LO and other general maths skills Scroll down to find the taught throughout Y2. Access your African drumming course by following the link: Have you ever heard of elephants? Did you know they live in Africa and India? Surprisingly elephants are the largest animals that live on land! Read ahead and find our more. larger version of this https://www.inspire-works.co.uk/home-school-online-learning example piece of writing. It LO: To revise fractions is a non-chronological Username: nova@inspire-works.co.uk report all about elephants. Password: NovaPS2 Does the shape show equal parts? Read it through carefully Complete course at your own pace. Please email us a video of and look for the features. you practising your African drumming. Make a list of the features of this type of text. E.g. 4) $30 + \square = 57$ This will help you get ready for writing later in the week. LO: To revise fractions How many groups of 3 can you make? PE LO: To master a variety of basic movements linked to LO: To plan a non-chronological report African dance How many vertices does the shape have? Step 1: Recap on what we did last week in our African dance. Choose an African animal to write about How many more people like Practise your hippo and snake dance! tomorrow. http://www.dancenotes.co.uk/streamingaudio/awakening.mp3 http://www.dancenotes.co.uk/streamingaudio/africangreetings.m In your book, write these subheadings. What do How much money is there? look like? What do eat? What do do? Step 2: With a partner, one of you is a tree, the other the monkey. What climbing-monkey movements can you make? Under these, add notes of information about your animal. If you don't know, then research this Can you climb up your partner? Can you swing from different information using Google or books you have at parts of your partner? How can you ensure your dance is safe? home.

What multiplications are shown by the array?

http://www.dancenotes.co.uk/streamingaudio/potdoodles.mp3

LO: To use sentences with different forms (statement, exclamations, commands and questions) LO: To revise fractions Science LO: To notice that animals have offspring which There are four types of sentence. Here are grow into adults What is each part of the circle worth? How many sweets are half the sweets? examples... Make a list of ten animals that you can think of and draw a What is the name of the next shape in the Is the shape split into equal parts? Statement: There is a fish swimming in its tank. picture of them. Exclamation: Help! What 2-D shape has 3 vertices? Command: Tidy your room. Every animal has offspring (babies). Can you name what each Question: What do elephants eat? of the animals on your list call their babies? What's wrong with the pictogram? 20 counters are shared into 5 equal groups. Linking to yesterday's planning of your African How many counters are in each group? E.g. Cow – Calf. animal. Create two of each type of sentences about your animals. E.g. Did you know that giraffes have long necks? LO: To write a non-Elephants chronological report Geography LO: To identify what a continent is and name LO: To revise fractions about an African animal them Does the picture show $\frac{1}{2}$ shaded? Look back at the example In your book, record what a continent is. Is Bristol a continent? Is the UK a continent? No, both are much smaller! non-chronological report and get up your plan. A continent is... Today, you will write half of Make a list of the continents in the world. Now try and memorise your report. Make sure you them. Keep testing yourself until you can name them all. include a general Did you know? A mather elephant is called a cow. The dad is a bull and a baby is called a colf! What is the next number in the sequence? introduction first and lots of 25, 30, 35, ... Work out 27 + 9 interesting facts. Carefully check for full stops and Challenge: Draw them and label. You could also include the capital letters and read sentences back to check oceans too! they make sense! LO: To write a nonchronological report about an African animal History LO: To identify the first European to find Africa Look back at the example What do elephants eat? Elephants are berbivores and e bark and leaves from different non-chronological report Today, you will need to use the internet to research who the first and get up your plan. European (person from Europe – our continent) was to find LO: To revise fractions Africa. Today, you will continue to write the second half of Google 'First European to find Africa' and choose one of the vour report. Make sure vou links. Make 5 notes about him and add a picture. Did you know? A mother elephant is called a cow. The dad is a hull and a baby is called a colf! include a general introduction first and lots of interesting facts. Make sure that any notes you make you understand. Carefully check for full stops and capital letters and read sentences back to check they make sense!

		 What is \$\frac{1}{3}\$ of 18? What is \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of the counters? What is \$\frac{1}{4}\$ of the counters? Are the groups equal? What fraction of the cakes are chocolate? Which have one third shaded? What is \$45\$ divided by 5? 	
6	 LO: To proof read and edit my writing Follow these steps to proof read and edit your writing from Friday Read your story aloud to yourself or to an adult. If you notice anything that doesn't make sense, change it as you go along. Spelling Check: Look for 3 or more words that don't look quite right. Check the spelling using google or a dictionary and edit. Do you got any questions? If not, add two to make the reader think. Do you have 3 or more conjunctions? If not, add some more to extend your writing. Amazing! Now publish and copy up your writing on new paper, using your neatest, cursive handwriting. Then you can decorate with a border or pictures. 	1) How many cubes long is the crayon? 2) What fraction of the shape is shaded? 3) How many sides does a hexagon have? 4) What is one more than twenty-three? 1) How long is the leaf? 2) What fraction of the sweets has been circled? 2) What fraction of the sweets has been circled? 4) How many tens are there in 82?	Computing LO: To practise coding and programming skills Continue with your computing from last week. Find where you were up to Google 'Code Course 1' and click the link. https://studio.code.org/s/course1 Spend at least 45 minutes going through the courses, which get harder as you go to practise your coding and debugging skills.
7	LO: To explain what has happened in something I have read We are going to read the African folktale which tells the story of why hippos live in water.	LO: To revise length and height	Art LO: To use colour to create a sunset silhouette picture

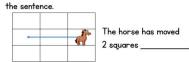
Click the link and either read it yourself or ask an adult to read it to you. http://www.gateway- africa.com/stories/children-short- stories.htm Now retell the story using pictures and key words to show that you have understood what happened and what the story teaches people.	1) Write down an object in your classroom that is longer than a metre. 2) What is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 8? 3) How many vertices does a triangle have? 4) How many tarts are there altogether? (a) Complete the sentence using longer than or shorter than. 3 m is	To create a picture like this you will need white paper or card, paint or pencils and black paper or card. 1. Paint or colour your sunset background. Take time to blend the colours to make it look like a realistic African sunset. 2. Let the paint dry. 3. Meanwhile, use a pencil to draw the outline of an African animal and tree. You can do more animals or trees if you wish. 4. Create your silhouette grass and stick. 5. Choose the positioning of your animals/trees and stick.
LO: To use subordinating conjunctions Subordinating conjunctions include 'when, if, although, because'. These help us in our writing to add detail. Step 1 – Finish these sentences: 1. When the hippo grew bigger,	Complete the sentence using longer than, shorter than or the same as. 5 cm is	PE LO: To master a variety of basic movements linked to African dance Step 1: Recap on what we did last week in our African dance. Practise your hippo, snake and monkey dance! http://www.dancenotes.co.uk/streamingaudio/awakening.mp3 http://www.dancenotes.co.uk/streamingaudio/africangreetings.mp3 http://www.dancenotes.co.uk/streamingaudio/potdoodles.mp3 Step 2: Use the same music as last week and create a lion dance. Perform it to your siblings or adults and ask for feedback on the dance. http://www.dancenotes.co.uk/streamingaudio/potdoodles.mp3
9 LO: To retell a story using conjunctions	LO: To revise position and direction	Science LO: To find out about the basic needs that animals need to live

Using your pictures from the other day, retell the story in writing.

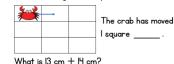
Take time to make sure that...

- 1. Your sentences make sense.
- 2. Sentences have capital letters and full stops.
- 3. You have included adjectives.
- 4. You have included at least four conjunctions to add detail to your writing.

Use **forwards** or **backwards** to complete



- 2) Write down an object that is shorter than 10 cm.
- 3) Find half of 16
- 4) What is 2×7 ?
 - Use left or right to complete the sentence.



- 3) How many quarters are the same as $\frac{1}{2}$?
- 4) What is 12 divided by 4?

What do animals need to live? Think carefully.

Read the information on the following link, then complete the activity and the quiz.

Note down any information you have learnt in your book – you could turn this into a fact sheet with pictures.

https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z6882hv/articles/zx38wmn

LO: To retell a story using a storyboard

LO: To proof read and edit my writing

Follow these steps to proof read and edit your writing from Friday...

- Read your story aloud to yourself or to an adult.
- 2. If you notice anything that doesn't make sense, change it as you go along.
- Spelling Check: Look for 3 or more words that don't look quite right. Check the spelling using google or a dictionary and edit.
- 4. Do you got any questions? If not, add two to make the reader think.
- Do you have 3 or more conjunctions? If not, add some more to extend your writing.
- Amazing! Now publish and copy up your writing on new paper, using your neatest, cursive handwriting. Then you can decorate with a border or pictures.

LO: To revise position and direction

1) Complete the sentence.



- 2) Calculate 18 cm 7 cm
- 3) What fraction of the shape is shaded?



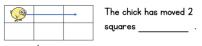
- 4) How many tens are in 75?
- I) What turn has the owl made?







Describe the movement using forwards or backwards.



- 3) What is $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9?
- 4) What is 10 more than 24?

DT LO: To use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes

The 'Eatwell' plate shows you how much of the different food groups should be in your diet each meal.



Today, plan a healthy meal that has a good amount of vegetables with carbohydrates, protein and dairy.

- 1. List your ingredients.
- 2. Draw your meal with labelled food types.

1 0

	 Create! Speak to your adult about making this healthy meal and explain why what you have chosen is healthy and includes lots of nutrients.
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Elephants

Have you ever heard of elephants? Did you know they live in Africa and India? Surprisingly elephants are the largest animals that live on land! Read ahead and find out more.

What do elephants look like?

Elephants have tough grey skin and large ears. They have a long nose called a trunk that they use to drink water. African elephants have bigger ears than Indian elephants. Elephants have tusks to protect them from other animals.

What do elephants eat?

Elephants are herbivores and eat bark and leaves from different types of trees.

What do elephants do?

Elephants are usually very gentle but can get quite cross. Elephants are very clever and know how to find water even when it is far away. When they find water they like to swim.



A bull elephant

Did you know?

A mother elephant is called a cow. The dad is a bull and a baby is called a calf!